Laws concerning purity and impurity (Leviticus 11-16)
Chapter 11, Clean and Unclean Animals

In Judaism, Kashrut (kus-ruht) is the set of dietary laws governing what can or cannot be consumed.

Ham, Bacon and Pork-chops

Unclean Animal
- Bat
- Camel
- Chameleon
- Coney
- Cormorant
- Cuckow
- Eagle
- Ferret
- Gier Eagle
- Glede
- Great Owlf
Hare
Hawk
Heron
Kite
Lapwing
Little Owl
Lizard
Mole
Mouse
Night Hawk
Osprey
Ostrich
Ossifrage
Owl
Pelican
Raven
Snail
Stork
Swan
Swine
Tortoise
Vulture
Weasel
Abalone
Alligator
Ape
Bear
Cat
Cattish
Cheetah
Clam
Cockatoo
Crab
Crayfish
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Antelope (all species)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deer (all species)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Giraffe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pronghorn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reindeer/caribou</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Buffalo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheep</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Christian View

"For it seemed good to the Holy Ghost, and to us, to lay upon you no greater burden than these necessary things; that ye abstain from meats offered to idols, and from blood, and from things strangled …"

Acts 15:28-29

### Christian View

"...commanding to abstain from meats, which God hath created to be received with thanksgiving of them which believe and know the truth. For every creature of God is good, and nothing to be refused, if it be received with thanksgiving: For it is sanctified by the word of God and prayer."

1 Timothy 4:3-5
“...Beware lest any man spoil you through philosophy and vain deceit, after the tradition of men, after the rudiments of the world, and not after Christ....Blotting out the handwriting of ordinances that was against us, which was contrary to us, and took it out of the way, nailing it to his cross; 15 And having spoiled principalities and powers, he made a shew of them openly, triumphing over them in it. 16 Let no man therefore judge you in meat, or in drink, or in respect of an holyday, or of the new moon, or of the sabbath days.” — Colossians 2:8-16

Laws concerning ______________________ after childbirth (Leviticus 12)

Laws concerning tzaraath of people, and of clothes and houses, often translated as __________, and __________, respectively (Leviticus 13-14)
Laws concerning bodily discharges (such as ________, _____, etc.) and purification (Leviticus 15).

Laws regarding a day of national atonement, _______ in Judaism and Good Friday in Christianity (Leviticus 16).